## Subpart F—Recyclable Materials Utilized for Precious Metal Recovery

# § 266.70 Applicability and requirements.

- (a) The regulations of this subpart apply to recyclable materials that are reclaimed to recover economically significant amounts of gold, silver, platinum, paladium, irridium, osmium, rhodium, ruthenium, or any combination of these.
- (b) Persons who generate, transport, or store recyclable materials that are regulated under this subpart are subject to the following requirements:
- (1) Notification requirements under section 3010 of RCRA;
- (2) Subpart B of part 262 (for generators), §§ 263.20 and 263.21 (for transporters), and §§ 265.71 and 265.72 (for persons who store) of this chapter; and
- (3) For precious metals exported to or imported from designated OECD member countries for recovery, subpart H of part 262 and §265.12(a)(2) of this chapter. For precious metals exported to or imported from non-OECD countries for recovery, subparts E and F of 40 CFR part 262.
- (c) Persons who store recycled materials that are regulated under this subpart must keep the following records to document that they are not accumulating these materials speculatively (as defined in §261.1(c) of this chapter);

- (1) Records showing the volume of these materials stored at the beginning of the calendar year;
- (2) The amount of these materials generated or received during the calendar year; and
- (3) The amount of materials remaining at the end of the calendar year.
- (d) Recyclable materials that are regulated under this subpart that are accumulated speculatively (as defined in §261.1(c) of this chapter) are subject to all applicable provisions of parts 262 through 265, 270 and 124 of this chapter.

[50 FR 666, Jan. 4, 1985, as amended at 61 FR 16315, Apr. 12, 1996]

## Subpart G—Spent Lead-Acid Batteries Being Reclaimed

## § 266.80 Applicability and requirements.

(a) Are spent lead-acid batteries exempt from hazardous waste management requirements? If you generate, collect, transport, store, or regenerate lead-acid batteries for reclamation purposes, you may be exempt from certain hazardous waste management requirements. Use the following table to determine which requirements apply to you. Alternatively, you may choose to manage your spent lead-acid batteries under the "Universal Waste" rule in 40 CFR part 273.

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If your batteries * * *	And if you * * *	Then you * * *	And you * * *
(1) Will be reclaimed through regeneration (such as by electrolyte replacement).		are exempt from 40 CFR parts 262 (except for §262.11) 263, 264, 266, 266, 270, 124 of this chapter, and the notification requirements at section 3010 of RCRA.	are subject to 40 CFR parts 261 and § 262.11 of this chapter.
(2) Will be reclaimed other than through regeneration.	generate, collect, and/or transport these batteries.	(2) Will be reclaimed other than generate, collect, and/or transport are exempt from 40 CFR parts 262 (except for §262.11) 263, 264, are subject to 40 CFR parts 261 and the notification require- \$262.11, and applicable provisions ments at section 3010 of RCRA.	are subject to 40 CFR parts 261 and § 262.11, and applicable provisions under part 268.
(3) Will be reclaimed other than through regeneration.	store these batteries but you aren't the reclaimer.	(3) Will be reclaimed other than store these batteries but you are exempt from 40 CFR parts 262 (except for §262.11) 263, 264, are subject to 40 CFR parts 261, through regeneration.  265, 266, 270, 124 of this chapter, and the notification require- ments at section 3010 of RCRA.	are subject to 40 CFR parts 261, § 262.11, and applicable provisions under part 268.
(4) Will be reclaimed other than through regeneration.	store these batteries before you reclaim them.	(4) Will be reclaimed other than store these batteries before you must comply with 40 CFR 286.80(b) and as appropriate other regulated in 266.80(b).    Second of the complete	are subject to 40 CFR parts 261, § 262.11, and applicable provisions under part 268.
(5) Will be reclaimed other than through regeneration.	don't store these batteries before you reclaim them.	(5) Will be reclaimed other than don't store these batteries before through regeneration.	are subject to 40 CFR parts 261, § 262.11, and applicable provisions under part 268.

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- (b) If I store spent lead-acid batteries before I reclaim them but not through regeneration, which requirements apply? The requirements of paragraph (b) of this section apply to you if you store spent lead-acid batteries before you reclaim them, but you don't reclaim them through regeneration. The requirements are slightly different depending on your RCRA permit status.
- (1) For Interim Status Facilities, you must comply with:
- (i) Notification requirements under section 3010 of RCRA.
- (ii) All applicable provisions in subpart A of part 265 of this chapter.
- (iii) All applicable provisions in subpart B of part 265 of this chapter except §265.13 (waste analysis).
- (iv) All applicable provisions in subparts C and D of part 265 of this chapter.
- (v) All applicable provisions in subpart E of part 265 of this chapter except §§ 265.71 and 265.72 (dealing with the use of the manifest and manifest discrepancies).
- (vi) All applicable provisions in subparts F through L of part 265 of this chapter.
- (vii) All applicable provisions in parts 270 and 124 of this chapter.
  - (2) For Permitted Facilities:
- (i) Notification requirements under section 3010 of RCRA.
- (ii) All applicable provisions in subpart A of part 264 of this chapter.
- (iii) All applicable provisions in subpart B of part 264 of this chapter (but not §264.13 (waste analysis).
- (iv) All applicable provisions in subparts C and D of part 264 of this chapter.
- (v) All applicable provisions in subpart E of part 264 of this chapter (but not §264.71 or §264.72 (dealing with the use of the manifest and manifest discrepancies).
- (vi) All applicable provisions in subparts F through L of part 264 of this chapter.
- (vii) All applicable provisions in parts 270 and 124 of this chapter.

[63 FR 71229, Dec. 24, 1998]

### Subpart H—Hazardous Waste Burned in Boilers and Industrial Furnaces

SOURCE: 56 FR 7208, Feb. 21, 1991, unless otherwise noted.

#### § 266.100 Applicability.

- (a) The regulations of this subpart apply to hazardous waste burned or processed in a boiler or industrial furnace (as defined in §260.10 of this chapter) irrespective of the purpose of burning or processing, except as provided by paragraphs (b), (c), (d), and (f) of this section. In this subpart, the term "burn" means burning for energy recovery or destruction, or processing for materials recovery or as an ingredient. The emissions standards of §§ 266.104, 266.105, 266.106, and 266.107 apply to facilities operating under interim status or under a RCRA permit as specified in §§ 266.102 and 266.103.
- (b) Integration of the MACT standards. (1) Except as provided by paragraph (b)(2) of this section, the standards of this part no longer apply when an affected source demonstrates compliance with the maximum achievable control technology (MACT) requirements of part 63, subpart EEE, of this chapter by conducting a comprehensive performance test and submitting to the Administrator a Notification of Compliance under §§ 63.1207(j) and 63.1210(d) of this chapter documenting compliance with the requirements of subpart EEE. Nevertheless, even after this demonstration of compliance with the MACT standards, RCRA permit conditions that were based on the standards of this part will continue to be in effect until they are removed from the permit or the permit is terminated or revoked, unless the permit expressly provides otherwise.
- (2) The following standards continue to apply:
- (i) The closure requirements of §§ 266.102(e)(11) and 266.103(l):
- (ii) The standards for direct transfer of § 266.111:
- (iii) The standards for regulation of residues of §266.212; and